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Protocol #:
Approval Date:
Expiration Date:

PLEASE TYPE

Laboratory:	Laboratory of Cancer G	enetics		
Principal Investigator	: Bin Tean Teh, M.D., Ph	.D.		
Mailing Address:	Van Andel Research Ins	titute, 333 Bostw	vick NE, Grand Ra	pids, MI-49503
Telephone: 1-61	6-234-5296 Fax: 1-61	6-234-5297	Email:	bin.teh@vai.org
Protocol Title: The	role of Lsamp in carcinogen	esis by studying I	Lsamp Knockout n	nouse model
Initial Submission	Renewal		or Modification	
List the names of all	Renewal individuals authorized to co el (e.g., co-investigator(s)), p	-	involving animals	-
List the names of all	individuals authorized to co	-	involving animals	-
List the names of all identify key personn	individuals authorized to co el (e.g., co-investigator(s)), p	providing their la	involving animals boratory, telephon	e, fax, and email:
List the names of all identify key personn Name	individuals authorized to co el (e.g., co-investigator(s)), p	Phone	involving animals boratory, telephon <u>Fax</u>	e, fax, and email: Email
List the names of all identify key personn Name Dr. Jindong Chen	individuals authorized to co el (e.g., co-investigator(s)), p <u>Dept/Affiliation</u> Lab of Cancer Genetics	Phone 616.234.5578	involving animals boratory, telephon Fax 616.234.5679	e, fax, and email: Email jin-dong.chen@vai.org

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Funding source

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B. ANIMAL REQUIREMENTS

1. Species: Mus musculus

2. Strain or subspecies: C57BL/6J

3. Approximate age, weight, or size: embryo to adult

4. Sex: Both male and female

5. Source (name of outside vendor or supplier):
(NOTE: Animal order will not be processed without an approved protocol number on the order.)
Vivarium breeding stock

- 6. Average daily census:
- 7. Primary housing location(s):

(NOTE: Facility manager must certify below that facility has the resource capability to support the study. If animals will be housed in a lab or anywhere else outside the central facility for more than 12 hours, provide building and room number.)

Vivarium SPF barrier facility

8. Location(s) where manipulation will be conducted: (NOTE: Animals cannot be removed from the animal facility and then returned. Animals cannot be taken to the 4th floor laboratory area and kept overnight without the Vivarium Director's approval.)

Vivarium

9. Number of animals to be used:

Year 1: 382 Year 2: 382 Year 3: 0

Total for the duration of entire study: 764

C. TRANSPORTATION

Transportation of animals must conform to all institutional guidelines/policies and federal regulations. If animals will be transported on public roads or out of state, describe efforts to comply with USDA regulations. If animals will be transported between facilities, describe the methods and containment to be utilized. If animals will be transported within a facility, include the route and elevator(s) to be utilized.

It may be necessary, on a few occasions, to transfer live animals to the 4th or 5th floor for experimental purposes. These animals will be transported from the Vivarium in cages with filter tops on carts. The cages will be carried through the cagewash area, passed through the hall door and placed on a cart that has been placed outside the facility in the corridor. The mice will be transported to the 4th or 5th floor in the freight elevator. These mice will not be returned to the facility and will be euthanized within 12 hours of leaving the facility. The cages will be returned to the dirty cagewash area for cleaning and autoclaving.

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D. STUDY OBJECTIVES

Briefly explain in language <u>understandable to a layperson</u> the aim of the study and why the study is important to human or animal health, the advancement of knowledge, or the good of society.

Adult kidney cancer is one of the most common diseases (the eighth in men and tenth in women), which is known to have different histological types. Renal cell carcinoma (RCC) accounts for 80-85% of all kidney cancer in the United States and can be classified into clear cell renal cell carcinoma (CCRCC, 75%), papillary renal cell carcinoma (PRCC, 15%), chromophobe renal carcinoma (5%), and collecting duct RCC (1%) (1). Worldwide, approximately 150,000 people are diagnosed with renal cell carcinoma, resulting in 78,000 deaths annually. Recently, we identified two cancer-related genes *LSAMP* and *NORE1* in a previously reported Japanese hereditary kidney cancer family. Our preliminary results indicated that *LSAMP* and *NORE1* inhibit tumor-cell growth, suggesting that they are good tumor suppressor gene candidates. Establishing *Lsamp* knockout mouse model will help us to further understand its functional role in carcinogenesis, and may lead to discovery of new tumorigenesis mechanism.

Our specific aims in this research proposal are:

- 1. To further determine the tumor growth suppression role of *Lsamp* in vitro and in vivo.
- 2. To create a *Lsamp* knockout mouse strain carrying inactivating *Lsamp* allele(s) for characterizing the tumorigenicity of *Lsamp*.

The proposed studies will provide important new information concerning the functional biology of the *Lsamp* gene in mice. As a consequence, it will lead to better understanding of the role of *LSAMP* gene in human being.

RATIONALE FOR ANIMAL USE

(*Use additional sheets if necessary.*)

1. Explain your rationale for animal use.

(NOTE: The rationale should include reasons why non-animal models cannot be used.)

No in vitro model can replicate the complex processes of tumorigenesis in living animals. This tumor model provides an excellent system for deriving information that is directly applicable to our understanding of tumor formation in all animals, including man.

2. Justify the appropriateness of the species selected.

(NOTE: The species selected should be the lowest possible on the phylogenetic scale.)

The use of non-mammals has significant limitations in research. Although many different non-mammalian species (such as frogs, squid, zebrafish, and birds) can model a specific component of a system, there is not one single non-mammalian species that models a complete mammalian system

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accurately and reliably. In addition, there are many mammalian diseases for which models in non-mammals do not exist.

Mice have significant advantages over other mammals as research subjects. Due to their short generation time and prolific breeding, investigators are able to perform studies in a cost-effective, time-efficient manner while using minimal numbers of animals. Due to their small size, they can be easily handled and have relatively minimal housing and care needs. Due to their common use as research subjects, a voluminous body of literature is available encompassing their breeding, housing, development & care. In addition, this widespread use has led to the intensive investigation of all aspects of mice in research (behavioral, genetic, biochemical, etc.) and the development of highly useful cell lines, biochemical products and more. Mice bear their young in utero which mimics human gestation and facilitates studies on early embryonic development. Finally, although mice are low on the phylogenetic scale, the structure and function of genes is very similar between mice and humans. For all these reasons and more, mice are the best small animal model for human disease.

3. Justify the number of animals to be used.

(NOTE: The number of animals should be the minimum number required to obtain statistically valid results.)

This experiment will create *Lsamp* knockout mice to allow for the phenotypic observation of both homozygous and heterozygous *Lsamp* knockouts. There will be breeding of two chimeric mice. For each breed, 314 mice will be used. In addition, 64 mice are needed for 10% adjustment for error, death, etc.

TD . 1	7/1
Total	/6/Lm100
1.01.41	

DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN AND ANIMAL PROCEDURES (Use additional sheets if necessary)

Briefly explain the experimental design and specify all animal procedures. This description should allow the IACUC to understand the experimental course of an animal from its entry into the experiment to the endpoint of the study.

This experiment will create *Lsamp* knockout mice to allow characterization of both homozygous and heterozygous *Lsamp* knockouts. Dr. Pam Swiatek, Special Program Investigator of Laboratory of Germline Modification will be generating the *Lsamp* knockout mice. The knockout will be evaluated at nine intervals during five principal phases of life: 1) embryogenesis, 2) neonatal period 3) peripubertal growth 4) mature adulthood, and 5) aging. At each interval 10 –/– and 10 +/– mice will be evaluated, with 10 +/+ mice as controls. Live-born mice will be checked for tissue malformations as well as for physiological or behavioral defects such as weakness, seizures etc. In addition, anatomical and histological analyses will be performed.

Specifically address the following:

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1. Experimental injections or inoculations

(substances, e.g., infectious agents, adjuvants, etc.; dose, sites, volume, route, and schedules)

Not applicable

2. Blood withdrawals

(volume, frequency, withdrawal sites, and methodology)

Not applicable.

3. Surgical procedures

(provide details of survival and non-survival surgical procedures in Section G.)

Not applicable.

4. Radiation

(dosage and schedule)

Not applicable.

5. Methods of restraint

(e.g., restraint chairs, collars, vests, harnesses, slings, etc.)

Include how animals are restrained for routine procedures like blood withdrawals. Prolonged restraint must be justified with appropriate oversight to ensure it is minimally distressing. Describe any sedation, acclimation, or training to be utilized.

Not applicable.

6. Animal identification methods

(e.g., ear tags, tattoos, collar, cage card, implant, etc.)

Cage cards and ear notches.

7. Other procedures

(e.g., survival studies, tail biopsies, etc.)

Not applicable.

8. Resultant effects, if any, that the animals are expected to experience

(e.g., pain or distress, ascites production, etc.)

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Animals will be observed daily. Weight will be monitored weekly during normal observation periods. Animals will be monitored for weight loss, lethargy, loss of appetite, and euthanized when necessary.

9. Other potential stressors

(e.g., food or water deprivation, noxious stimuli, environmental stress)
In addition, specify procedures to monitor and minimize distress. If a study is USDA
Classification E, indicate any non-pharmaceutical methods to minimize pain and distress.

While every effort will be made to avoid causing pain/distress to mice, some mice may experience adverse effects associated with tumor growth. Tumor burden is usually associated with lethargy, shortness of breath (lung metastasis), and weight loss. A loss of > 20% body weight is an indicator of euthanization. In all cases, it is essential that mice are observed on a regular basis, and mice are euthanized when it is necessary.

10. Experimental endpoint criteria

(e.g., tumor size, percentage body weight gain or loss, inability to eat or drink, behavioral abnormalities, clinical symptomatology, or signs of toxicity)

Experimental endpoint criteria must be specified when the administration of tumor cells, biologics, infectious agents, radiation, or toxic chemicals are expected to cause significant symptomatology or are potentially lethal. List the criteria to be used to determine when euthanasia is to be performed. Death as an endpoint must <u>always</u> be scientifically justified.

The normal endpoint for the subcutaneous tumor model is the growth of the tumor to the limit of 1 cm³.

A loss of > 20% body weight is indicative of euthanasia at any time during the experiment. When mice appear distressed, e.g., lethargy, ulcerations, loss of appetite for more than one day they will be euthanized. In particular, for the knockout experiment, animals may potentially exhibit some skin lesions. This is not considered an endpoint of the experiment, unless they appear to cause distress to the animal.

11. Veterinary care

(indicate desired plan of action in case of animal illness, e.g., initiate treatment, call investigator prior to initiating treatment, euthanize)

Daily veterinary care will be provided to all animals by the Vivarium staff. The Vivarium staff will consult with the attending veterinarian Dr. Joan Koelzer (616) 437-6415 or the alternate attending veterinarian Dr. Diane Egedy (616) 827-2950 when necessary. In the case animals are found sick or dead the PI will be notified via email and phone. PI will be notified with symptomology, disposition and animal identifier. In the event the PI cannot be reached, associates in the PI's lab will be contacted. In the event PI and his/her associates cannot be contacted any sick mice will be treated at the discretion of the Vivarium staff or attending veterinarian. Any animals found dead will be placed in a -20 refrigerator.

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E. SURGERY

If proposed, complete the following: (NOTE: Use additional sheets if necessary.)

Surgery will not be performed in conjunction with this protocol.

- 1. Identify and describe the surgical procedure(s) to be performed. Include preoperative procedures (e.g., fasting, analgesic loading), and monitoring and supportive care during surgery. Include the aseptic methods to be utilized.
- 2. Who will perform surgery and what are their qualifications and/or experience?
- 3. Where will surgery be performed and postoperative care provided (building and rooms)?
- 4. If survival surgery, describe postoperative care required, frequency of observation, and identify the responsible individual(s). Include detection and management of postoperative complications during work hours, after hours, weekends, and holidays.
- 5. If non-survival surgery, describe how humane euthanasia is enacted and how death is determined.
- 6. Are paralytic agents used during surgery? If yes, please describe how ventilation will be maintained and how pain will be assessed.
- 7. Has major survival surgery been performed on any animal prior to being placed on this study? [Major survival surgery penetrates and exposes a body cavity or produces substantial impairment of physical or physiologic functions (such as laparotomy, thoracotomy, craniotomy, joint replacement, or limb amputation).]

 If yes, please explain:
- 8. Will more than one major survival surgery be performed on an animal while on this study? If yes, please justify:

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F. PAIN OR DISTRESS CATEGORY:

Check the appropriate category and indicate the approximate number of animals in each.

NOTE: The sum of all three categories should equal the total cited in both Section B, question #9 (total number of animals used for the duration of the entire study) and Section E, question #3 (provide a justification for the total number of animals used in this protocol).

requir tranqu	***NOTE: If animals are indicated in Category Three, a written scientific justification is required to explain why the appropriate use of anesthetics, analgesics, sedatives, or tranquilizers during and/or following painful or distressful procedures are contraindicated in this study.					
	Category 3 – Unrelieved Pain or Distress***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	Category 2 – Pain or Distress Relieved by Appropriate Measures					
	Category 1 – Minimal, Transient, or No Pain or Distress.	764				
		Number of Animais				

G. ANESTHESIA, ANALGESIA, TRANQUILIZATION, OTHER AGENTS

For animals indicated in Section H, category 2, specify the anesthetics, analgesics, sedatives, or tranquilizers that are to be used. Include the name of the agent(s), the dosage, route, and schedule of administration.

Not applicable.

H. METHOD OF EUTHANASIA OR DISPOSITION OF ANIMALS AT END OF STUDY

Indicate the proposed method of euthanasia. If a chemical agent is used specify the dosage and route of administration. If the method(s) of euthanasia include those **not** recommended by the AVMA Panel Report on Euthanasia (e.g., decapitation or cervical dislocation without anesthesia), provide scientific justification why such methods must be used. Indicate the method of carcass disposal if not described in Section K below.

The mice will be euthanized by inhalation of 100% CO₂.

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HAZARDOUS AGENTS

J.

Use of hazardous agents requires the approval of the institutional Biosafety Office/Committee. Attach documentation of approval for the use of recombinant DNA or potential human pathogens.

Hazardous Agent	Yes	No	Agent	Biosafety Approval Date	Tracking Number
Radionuclides					
Biological agents		\boxtimes			
Hazardous chemicals or drugs		\boxtimes			
Recombinant DNA		\boxtimes			
Additional safety considerations	:				•

			Approval	Date Number	
Radionuclides					
Biological agents					
Hazardous chemicals or drugs					
Recombinant DNA					
Additional safety considerations:					
1. Study Conducted at Animal	Biosafety Leve	el: 1	2 3	4	
Practices and procedures req material associated with this applicable, the monitoring of	study to include	de methods for t	-		
Not applicable.					
3. Other:					
Not applicable.					
BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL/A	ANIMAL PRO	DDUCTS FOR	USE IN ANIMA	LS	
(e.g., cell lines, antiserum, etc.)					
1. Specify Material:					
Not applicable					
2. Source:			N 7		
Material Sterile or Attenuate	d:	Yes	No		
If derived from rodents, has (MAP - Mouse Antibody Pro RAP - Rat Antibody Product HAP - Hamster Antibody Pr	duction; tion;	een MAP/RAP/F	IAP tested?		

HAP - Hamster Antibody Production)

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NOTE: If Yes, attach copy of results:

Yes

No

3. I certify that the MAP/RAP/HAP-tested materials to be used have not been passed through rodent species outside of the animal facility in question and/or the material is derived from the original MAP/RAP/HAP-tested sample. To the best of my knowledge the material remains uncontaminated with rodent pathogens.

Initials of Principal Investigator: Bin Tean Teh, M.D., Ph.D.

K. TRANSGENIC AND KNOCKOUT ANIMALS

Describe any phenotypic consequences of the genetic manipulations to the animals. Describe any special care or monitoring that the animals will require.

The phenotype for experiment is unknown. The animals will be monitored for signs of the experimental endpoint criteria (as cited in Section F). Any animals displaying such criteria will be euthanized.

L. SPECIAL CONCERNS OR REQUIREMENTS OF THE STUDY

List any special housing, equipment, animal care (e.g., special caging, water, feed, or waste disposal, environmental enhancement, etc.).

Not applicable.

M. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR CERTIFICATIONS

1. I certify that I have attended the institutionally required investigator training course.

Year of course attendance: 2000 Location: VARI

- 2. I certify that I have determined that the research proposed herein is not unnecessarily duplicative of previously reported research.
- 3. I certify that all individuals working on this proposal who are at risk are participating in the Institution's Occupational Health and Safety Program.
- 4. I certify that the individuals listed in Section A are authorized to conduct procedures involving animals under this proposal, have attended the institutionally required investigator training course, and received training in the biology, handling, and care of this species; aseptic surgical methods and techniques (if necessary); the concept, availability, and use of research or testing methods that limit

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the use of animals or minimize distress; the proper use of anesthetics, analgesics, and tranquilizers (if necessary); and procedures for reporting animal welfare concerns.

- 5. For all Category 3 Proposals (*see Section H*): I certify that I have reviewed the pertinent scientific literature and the sources and/or databases noted below, and have found no valid alternative to any procedures described herein which may cause more than momentary pain or distress, whether it is relieved or not.
- 6. I certify that I will obtain approval from the IACUC before initiating any significant changes in this study.
- 7. I certify that I will notify the IACUC regarding any unexpected study results that impact the animals. Any unanticipated pain or distress, morbidity, or mortality will be reported to the attending Veterinarian and the IACUC.
- 8. I certify that I am familiar with and will comply with all pertinent institutional, state, and federal rules and policies.

Principal 1	Investigator:		
Name:	Bin Tean Teh, M.D., Ph.D.	Signature:	Date:
CONCUR	RENCES		
Supervisor	y concurrence as applicable:		
Name:		Signature:	Date:
•	ice/Committee Certification of I of all studies utilizing hazardou.		
Name:		Signature:	Date:
Facility ma	_	of resource capability in the indicated fac	ility to support the
Facility:			
Name:		Signature:	Date:
Facility:			
Name:		Signature:	Date:
Comments	::		

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Knockout mice calculator

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	Attending Veterinarian certification of review and consultation on proper use of anesthetics and pair relieving medications for any painful procedures:					
	Name:	Signature:	Date:			
О.	FINAL APPROVAL					
Cert	Certification of review and approval by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee:					
Nar	me:	Signature:	Date:			
List	List any attachments here:					

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